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INFORMATION ON 12TH PLENARY MEETING OF FIFTH CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF WORKERS' PARTY OF KOREA

The 12th Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea was held from October 11 to 14.

The plenary meeting was presided over by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Present at the meeting were the members and alternate members of the Central Committee of the Party.

Also attending it were the members of the Central Auditing Commission of the Party.

Officials of the Central Committee of the Party and the local Party committees and factory and enterprise Party committees and officials of national and local administrative and economic establishments and officials of national and local agricultural institutions also attended the meeting.

The following items were placed on the agenda of the plenary meeting:

1. On reviewing the results of farming in 1976.

2. On attaining ahead of time the goal of 10 million tons of grain by thoroughly implementing the five-point policy of nature-remaking set forth by our Party.

The meeting heard reports from the chief secretaries of the provincial committees of the Workers' Party of Korea on the first item of the agenda.

According to their reports, the goal of more than 8 million tons of grain has been successfully attained this year with a record harvest since the founding of our Republic, as a result of an energetic drive for agricultural production launched by the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people in hearty response to the call of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

In our country this year, the highest yield ever recorded has been reaped in all crops such as rice, maize and potatoes all over the land, not only in the plain areas but in the in-between and mountainous areas and northern inland plateaux as well. An average increase of 700 kilograms to more than one ton in rice and 600 kilograms to more than 1.2 tons in maize per hectare has been chalked up in South Hwanghae, North Hwanghae, South Pyongan and nearly all other provinces.

After hearing their reports the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed deep satisfaction over the great victory won in this year's farming and highly appreciated the successful fulfilment of the militant task put forward by the Party.

At a time when many capitalist countries failed in farming due to severe drought and flood damages under the influence of the cold front sweeping all the continents and all the regions of the globe and were undergoing acute "agricultural crisis", and "food crisis", our country achieved a leaping growth in agricultural production every year, surmounting the unfavourable natural and climatic conditions and, particularly this year, has reaped the richest harvest ever known in the history of our country even under the protracted adverse weather very unfavourable to agricultural production—a long spell of drought that lasted for over 60 days, an untimely cold, snow and frost, storm and downpour, and so forth.

The plenary meeting noted unanimously that such plenteous harvest previously unknown, which our country has reaped this year by successfully surmounting the severe influence of the cold front, was entirely a fruit of the wise leadership and profound solicitude of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a shining victory of the rural theses and the Juche-based farming method set forth by the great leader.

By authoring the great rural theses the respected and beloved leader indicated a bright road to our socialist countryside and has wisely led our agriculture so it could advance at a high rate under whatever natural and climatic conditions by relying on an irrigation system of high level and solid material and technological foundations.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who put forward the agriculture first policy defined the agricultural front as one of the main fronts this year, too, and showed great care so that the efforts of the whole Party and the whole country were directed to it and, making an endless trip to rural districts for on-the-spot guidance from early spring, gave detailed guidance to see that the requirements of the Juche-based farming method could be fully met, that is, the principle of right crop to right soil and right crop in right time was observed, each plant was grown with good care, a scientifically-substantiated system of fertilizer application was properly established, and so forth.

The plenary meeting pointed out that great success and experience attained in this year's farming would serve as precious assets for a bigger agricultural production in the years to come.

The plenary meeting heard a report on the second item of the agenda.

The report was made by Comrade So Gwan Hi, Member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the Agricultural Committee.

Noting that the current meeting was discussing important fighting tasks for attaining the goal of 10 million tons of grain through the thorough implementation of the five-point policy—construction of non-paddy irrigation works, land adjustment and land amelioration, construction of terraced fields, afforestation and water conservancy, and reclamation of tideland—which was advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Chairman So Gwan Hi stressed:

The five-point policy of nature-remaking advanced by the great leader on the basis of his scientific analysis of the demand of agricultural development in our country is the wisest and most correct policy for bringing about a new great leaping advance in agricultural production and overall development of our rural economy and it is a revolutionary policy for further consolidating the foundation of our agricultural production and completely changing the appearance of the country.

The ideological, technical and cultural revolutions in the countryside have made significant progress under the bright rays of the rural theses authored by the great leader, with the result that a radical change has taken place in the spiritual and moral qualities of the farmers, the material and technological foundations of agriculture have been strengthened beyond comparison and agricultural production has developed at a fast pace every year, the reporter said.

He continued:

The great leader has given wise guidance to carry out in an overall way the rural technical revolution, the keynote of which is irrigation, mechanization, electrification and chemicalization, in reliance upon the advantage of the triumphant socialist system.

The tasks of irrigation and electrification were already fulfilled with success in our country and now the comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization of agriculture are being pushed ahead on an overall scale to hasten the industrialization and modernization of our agriculture.

Having put forward irrigation as a far-reaching important project for the country and people, the great leader advanced a concrete policy of irrigation and has wisely steered our people towards the struggle to carry it out.

Indeed, under the wise leadership of the great leader, the historic task of irrigation with paddy field irrigation as its main was successfully carried out already long ago to supply sufficient irrigation water to a vast area totalling one million hectares, with the result that our country has turned into a land of most developed irrigation with a perfect irrigation system, a solid agricultural production foundation which is impervious to whatever severe drought and flood.

In our country the task of rural electrification also was already carried out with success and comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization are now progressing on an overall scale.

The perfect irrigation system and other solid foundations of agricultural production laid under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung are ever more strikingly demonstrating their great vitality as the days go by.

Chairman So Gwan Hi went on:

Today our agricultural production is making rapid progress on the basis of the firm foundations of production already laid.

Taking into consideration the situation where our agricultural production is making rapid progress and the influence of the cold front on agricultural production, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung presented the grand five-point policy of nature-remaking firmly guaranteeing a bright prospect of agricultural development.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught to the following effect:

Firstly, irrigation of non-paddy fields should be rounded off, secondly, land adjustment and land amelioration be undertaken, thirdly, terraced fields be built, fourthly, afforestation and water conservancy be carried out to prevent the damages by downpour, and fifthly, tideland be reclaimed. This is the five-point policy.

Only when these tasks are carried out, can the goal of 10 million tons of grain be reached.

The great leader's five-point policy correctly reflects a requirement of the law that guides the development of our agricultural production which has entered a new, higher stage; it is a most revolutionary and scientific policy making it possible to mobilize the reserves of increased production of grain to the maximum.

It is not only the task for a fast development of the agricultural productive forces but also an important political task for freeing our farmers from the fetters of nature and ensuring them a more independent and creative life.

The successful implementation of the five-point policy worked out by the great leader will provide a solid material guarantee for the achievement of the goal of 10 million tons of grain.

The reporter referred to the tasks arising in implementing the five-point policy.

The first task is to undertake an extensive construction of irrigation with main stress on non-paddy irrigation in mountainous areas, the reporter noted, and went on:

The great leader put forward a vast task to irrigate 400,000 more hectares of non-paddy fields in the in-between and mountain areas in a few years to come.

In our country where non-paddy fields hold a great proportion in the total area of the arable land, the biggest reserve of future agricultural production lies in the cultivation of non-paddy field crops and the maximum mobilization of this reserve necessitates a proper solution of the problem of water, the reporter said.

To this end, he stressed, it is most important to create water resources.

The second task is to launch into land adjustment and land amelioration in a big way, the reporter said, and continued:

An extensive work of adjusting all the paddy and non-paddy fields into modern, standardized partitions adapted for the allround introduction of comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization should be undertaken first of all to complete this work in a few years.

Along with land adjustment, land amelioration should be carried out energetically, the reporter noted, and said:

Thoroughgoing drainage measures should be taken in various forms and ways suitable to local conditions to completely prevent the loss from cold and damp and the acidified land be actively ameliorated.

The third task is to powerfully push ahead with the work of creating terraced fields extending 150,000 to 200,000 hectares, the reporter said.

The task of bringing into shape 150,000 to 200,000 hectares of terraced fields in three or four years must be carried out without fail, he stressed.

The fourth task is to further step up afforestation and water conservancy to prevent the damages by downpour, said the reporter.

He stressed that all the river setups and drainage pumping stations should be completed in a brief time so that even a heavy rain of more than 400 millimetres a day might not cause the slightest damage.

The policy of concentrating efforts on specific projects should be pushed through in the big river construction on the Taedong-gang, Chongchon-gang, Songchon-gang and other rivers and dyke building, dredging and other major projects be completed within three or four years, the reporter noted.

He said that the repair and reinforcement of the tidal water control dikes should be regularly done and afforestation and anti-erosion projects vigorously conducted.

The fifth task is to energetically push ahead with the reclamation of tideland under a perspective plan, the reporter said. He stressed that work should be done boldly and in a big way to hit ahead of schedule the target of the reclamation of 100,000 hectares of tideland, one of the 10 major perspective targets of socialist construction.

For this, it is required, first of all, to work out yearly plans for the reclamation of 100,000 hectares of tideland and lay solid material and technological foundations including the building-material base and equipment production base for this, he said.

Stating that the five-point policy advanced by the great leader indicates, indeed, grand nature-remaking projects, gigantic in scale and scope, the reporter stressed that the grand nature-remaking projects are an undertaking of the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people for making the country rich and powerful and for the prosperity of the generations to come.

In conclusion he stressed that, under the wise leadership of the great leader, the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people should come forward as one man and successfully implement the five-point policy of nature-remaking and thus attain ahead of time the goal of 10 million tons of grain and lift our agriculture to a new, higher stage, overcoming the influence of the cold front.

Many functionaries of local Party organizations and factories and enterprises and functionaries of agricultural establishments contributed to the discussion of the second item on the agenda at the meeting.

They said in an emotion-charged tone that the great leader who always leads our Party and people along the highway of victory and glory put forward the grand five-point policy of nature-remaking, indicating a bright road for effecting another great leap in the country's agricultural production and the construction of the socialist countryside and powerfully calling the whole Party and the entire people to the fruitful constructive work under a far-reaching plan for the prosperity and development of the country and the happiness of the generations to come.

Speakers suggested concrete ways and measures for actively tapping reserves and enlisting the inexhaustible might of the masses to the maximum in order to carry out ahead of time the goal of 10 million tons of grain and successfully fulfil their tasks by thoroughly implementing the five-point policy.

They proposed measures for successfully carrying out the grand plan of the great leader for gigantic nature-remaking and expressed their firm determination to carry to thorough fulfilment their assigned tasks.

At the plenary meeting Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, made an important concluding speech that would serve as a guideline in the drive to further develop agricultural production on the basis of the shining successes and experiences gained in farming this year, accelerate overall socialist construction and bring about a great turn in nature-remaking.

The plenary meeting noted with great satisfaction that, in hearty response to the militant call of the Party **"Once again for the attainment of the goal of eight million tons of grain this year!"**, the entire agricultural working people and other strata of the people launched an energetic drive to surmount the unfavourable weather conditions and reaped the richest harvest ever known in all areas of the country and in all crops, thereby carrying out with flying colours the goal of more than eight million tons of grain.

It is another shining victory achieved by our Party and our people in socialist construction that our country has captured so a high eminence of grain at a time when many capitalist countries are raising outcries over the crop failure they have suffered under the influence of the cold front, the plenary meeting noted. It remarked that this proud victory of ours would make our people's life more bountiful and further heighten their national pride and revolutionary self-confidence.

The plenary meeting pointed out that the great success registered by our people in agricultural production is a brilliant victory won by consolidating the material and technological foundations of the rural economy through the energetic acceleration of agricultural construction and, especially, building a powerful irrigation system with their allout mobilization in accordance with the policy advanced in the great rural theses.

This proud success, it noted, is also a result that our Party took bold and prudent measures for the general mobilization of the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people in assisting the agricultural front on an unprecedented scale and that the entire Party members and working people in the domain of the rural economy fully met the demand of the Juche-based farming method—adhering to the principle of right crop in right soil and right crop at right time, establishing a scientifically-substantiated system of fertilizer application, and so forth.

It noted that, in response to the call of the Party, the whole nation turned out in powerfully assisting the countryside and thereby courageously surmounted the influence of the cold front and reached the goal of more than eight million tons of grain. This powerfully demonstrates that the entire people, rallied as firm as a rock around the Party, are able to carry out whatever difficult tasks and well shows the high political consciousness of our Party members and working people firmly armed with the monolithic ideology of the Party and the unshakable determination of our people to remain boundlessly faithful to the orders and instructions of the Party, the plenary meeting stressed.

It put forward tasks and concrete measures to attain higher agricultural production on the basis of the successes already made.

The plenary meeting laid stress on the importance of strengthening the role of agricultural guidance institutions in enhancing agricultural production.

It referred to the necessity of grasping the Party's agricultural policy and improving the Party's guidance in agricultural production in order to fully guarantee all farm work.

It stressed that only when farming is placed on a scientific basis can a bigger yield be obtained in agricultural production in the same land and with the same water, same fertilizers and same facilities.

Stressing that industry should powerfully assist agriculture, the plenary meeting pointed out that the chemical industry should produce great quantities of different kinds of fertilizers and slaked lime, agricultural chemicals and herbicides for the countryside, the machine industry supply an increased number of tractors and lorries, each province produce a sufficient amount of farm machine parts by itself and the metal, mining and coal industries preferentially supply raw materials, fuel and other materials necessary for the production of fertilizers and farm machines.

It is necessary to produce and supply beforehand enough fertilizers and grain-packing materials and build a great many grain silos through a mass movement, the plenary meeting noted.

Emphasizing that, as modern agriculture requires a scientific farming method, the technical revolution and science revolution must be carried out in farming under the uplifted banner of the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement in order to fulfil the tasks of the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions laid down in the rural theses, the plenary meeting advanced concrete tasks to cushion the influence of the cold front and reap a greater harvest by thoroughly meeting the demands of the Juche-based farming method in the cultivation of such grain crops as rice, maize and potatoes and such industrial crops as tobacco, hop and peppermint.

Noting that rice growing is the most important and stable farming in our country where paddy fields hold a large proportion and irrigation has been completed, the plenary meeting called for effecting a new upsurge in production by placing rice growing on a scientific and technical basis.

The results of the farming this year have proved once again the correctness of the agricultural policy of our Party which defined maize as "the king of the dry-field crops" and has concentrated efforts on maize growing, the plenary meeting declared. And it advanced concrete tasks for raising maize yield.

The plenary meeting referred to the importance of further increasing the yield of potatoes by their successful cultivation and touched upon the necessity of taking thoroughgoing measures to store and process the produced potatoes.

Paying deep attention to the consolidation of the successes achieved in the creation of orchards and development of fruit-growing after the Pukchong Enlarged Meeting of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Party, the plenary meeting pointed to the necessity of fully introducing the Juche-based fruit-growing method in this domain and thus effecting a new revolutionary turn in the development of fruit-growing.

The plenary meeting noted that the work of creating forests of oil-bearing trees should be pushed ahead with sustained efforts for a more smooth solution of the oil problem.

Noting that the five-point policy of nature-remaking set forth by our Party is an important measure for more satisfactorily meeting the fast growing demand for grain and carrying to thorough fulfilment the tasks of the technical revolution indicated in the rural theses, the plenary meeting set forth concrete tasks and measures for their fulfilment.

The plenary meeting emphasized that firstly, the construction of non-paddy irrigation setups should be actively carried out in the in-between and mountainous areas, secondly, extensive work be undertaken for obtaining new land and for land adjustment, land protection and land amelioration, thirdly, sloping fields be built into terraced fields, fourthly, tideland reclamation be continuously accelerated, fifthly, effective afforestation and water conservancy be carried out and river adjustment be actively pushed ahead in accordance with the five-point policy of nature-remaking indicated by the Party.

Saying that what is important above all in implementing the Party's five-point policy is to remake the existing arable land, the plenary meeting stressed that particular efforts should be directed to the active introduction of irrigation into the non-paddy fields of the in-between and mountainous areas.

A big reserve for increased production of grain in our country today lies in the effective irrigation of non-paddy fields. If we actively build irrigation setups in the non-paddy fields of the in-between and mountainous areas by concentrating our efforts on this, we will be able to raise the maize harvest serveral times, the plenary meeting noted.

And it called for a vigorous campaign for irrigating 400,000 additional hectares of non-paddy fields in the in-between and mountainous areas in 2 to 3 years to come.

The plenary meeting stressed that land adjustment must be energetically undertaken to increase grain harvest with the substantial utilization of the land available and carry out the mechanisation and chemicalisation of agriculture.

Stressing among other things that the struggle to obtain new land is the best way of expanding the crop fields and increasing grain output without costing much effort, the plenary meeting said that a mass movement should be launched to gain new land.

Noting that if the sloping land with an incline of over 16 degrees is converted into terraced fields and irrigation works are built there, the per hectare yield can be lifted several times, the plenary meeting stressed that a campaign should be unfolded to build 150,000 to 200,000 hectares of terraced fields in 3 or 4 years to come and factories and enterprises should assume the task to build terraced fields and carry it out without fail by mobilising latent reserves.

It stressed that to thoroughly implement the five-point policy, it is essential to produce and supply a sufficient amount of materials and equipment.

It said that it is important to lay big-scale building-material bases and construction equipment production bases for successfully carrying out the gigantic nature-remaking projects.

Emphasizing that it is important to supply enough electric power to the metal and chemical industries and other branches of the national economy for supplying all the machinery and materials needed for the grand nature-remaking projects and successfully carrying out the national economic plan next year, the plenary meeting called for concentrating on the construction of the Chongchon-gang Thermal Power Plant and the Unggi Thermal Power Plant to complete them at the soonest possible date and intensifying the struggle to increase to the maximum the generating capacity of the existing thermal power plants including the Pukchang Thermal Power Plant and producing great quantities of coal in the coal industry to supply a plentiful amount of it to the thermal power plants.

Saying that the policy of nature-remaking set forth by our Party can be successfully realised only when the people display political enthusiasm and patriotic devotion, the plenary meeting called upon the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people to launch a powerful all-people movement once again to build irrigation works watering 400,000 hectares of non-paddy fields, build 150,000 to 200,000 hectares of terraced fields, obtain 100,000 hectares of new land, carry out afforestation and water conservancy for preventing damages by heavy rains and reclaim tideland, upholding the decision of the October 1976 Plenary Meeting, just as they launched a gigantic campaign with their general mobilization to increase the area under irrigation by 1,000,000 hectares, holding aloft the decision of the September 1958 Plenary Meeting and demonstrated the inexhaustible might and creative ingenuity of our people to the world.

The plenary meeting adopted a relevant decision.

It will vigorously arouse the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people to the struggle to implement the five-point policy of nature-remaking set forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, place our agriculture on a higher scientific and technical basis and increase agricultural production continuously at a high rate so as to bring about a new production upsurge on the agricultural front and prepare a solid material guarantee for the achievement of the goal of 10 million tons of grain, thereby greatly contributing to providing a more affluent life to our people, giving fuller play to the excellence of the socialist system of our country and increasing the might of the country still further.

It will also mark a historic milestone in making signal progress in the course of accelerating the industrialisation and modernisation of agriculture and accomplishing the tasks set forth in the great rural theses.

INVINCIBLE IS THE REVOLUTIONARY CAUSE OF JUCHE STARTED

Grand Central Report Meeting Held to Commemorate the 50th Anniversary of Formation of DIU Organized and Guided by the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

A grand central report meeting was held at the February 8 House of Culture on October 16 in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the formation of the Down-with-Imperialism Union (DIU) organized and guided by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall against the background of the banner of the Party was a portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation and legendary hero.

Seen on the background of the platform was a model of the sublime peak of Mt. Paekdu-san symbolic of the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party which began to take shape with the formation of the DIU and were firmly established in the flames of the rigorous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle. Hanging there were the figures "1926-1976" denoting the proud half a century long history of the Korean communist movement which started with the formation of the DIU.

Seen in the meeting hall were the slogans "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and a streamer reading "May the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung enjoy a long life in good health."

The meeting hall was packed with veteran anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters, functionaries of the Party and power bodies, economic institutions, working people's organizations, men of science, education, culture, public health, art and the press, working people in the city and soldiers of the Korean People's Army.

The delegation of Korean journalists from Japan headed by Pak Dong Chun, Chairman of the Association of Korean Journalists and Publishers in Japan, on a visit to the homeland, was also present at the meeting.

Invited to the meeting were foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang.

The platform was taken by Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Kang Ryang Uk, Kim Dong Gyu, O Jin U, So Chol, Rim Chun Chu, Yang Hyong Sop, O Baek Ryong, Li Gun Mo, Yon Hyong Muk, Han Ik Su, Li Yong Mu, Hyon Mu Gwang, Kim Yong Nam, Chong Jun Gi, Kim Chol Man, Kang Song San, Ho Dam, Kong Jin Tae, Li Jong Ok, Kim Hwan, Yun Gi Bok and Hwang Jang Yop; and Chon Chang Chol, Secretary of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly; Kang Jang Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party; Ho Jong Suk, Director of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; and responsible functionaries of the working people's organizations, Pyongyang municipal Party and power bodies, chief secretaries of the provincial Party committees and veteran anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters.

Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Administration Council, made a report at the meeting.

The Korean revolution and our people, the reporter said, had experienced quite a few failures and gone through many twists and turns in the revolutionary struggle in the past days because of the absence of a powerful revolutionary organization. But the urgent demand of the developing Korean communist movement and national liberation struggle and the unanimous desire of our people were brought to realization when the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, the sun of the nation and legendary hero, began leading the Korean revolution, taking upon himself the destinies of the fatherland and the nation.

After recalling that the great leader formed the Down-with-Imperialism Union on October 17, 1926, by conducting energetic activities and vigorously waging an unremitting struggle for the formation of a powerful revolutionary organization from the first days of his revolutionary activities, the reporter said:

The DIU was the first communist revolutionary organization to be led by a great leader in the history of the communist movement in our country.

The formation of the DIU was a historic declaration announcing the new start of the Korean revolution and a great event that opened a new era of the communist movement in our country and heralded the historic beginning of the cause of Juche.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"With the formation of the DIU our people's revolutionary struggle came to proceed according to the principle of independence, and this was when our Party began to strike its glorious roots."

The formation of the DIU meant the birth of the first revolutionary vanguard organization for the realization of the revolutionary idea, the Juche idea, of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and it was the time when our Party began to strike its historical roots and the new historical era of struggle and advancement under the banner of independence was opened.

The reporter went on:

The great leader set it forth as the immediate task of the DIU to overthrow Japanese imperialism and achieve Korea's liberation and independence and defined it as the ultimate objective to build socialism and communism in Korea and, furthermore, overthrow all imperialisms and build communism in the world.

The fighting programme of the DIU was a Juche-based one correctly reflecting the then socio-economic conditions and class relations in our country and the urgent demands of our people, and it was a militant banner which vigorously inspired the masses to the struggle for national liberation and for socialism and communism.

And it was a most steadfast and most revolutionary fighting programme that taught the people that the struggle must not be stopped as long as imperialism remained on the globe, but the revolution must be continued till imperialism was finally overthrown in this land and a new world free from exploitation and oppression was built.

After touching upon the brisk activities carried out by the DIU under the wise leadership of the great leader, the reporter stressed that the exploits and experiences of the DIU in its struggle were the priceless assets in shaping the Juche-based line and policy, strategy and tactics of the Korean revolution, rearing the hardcore force and laying the mass foundation for the founding of a Party.

He went on:

The half a century long history of the Korean revolution from the formation of the DIU is a glorious history through which our people have triumphantly advanced the cause of sovereignty, independence and socialism under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The whole course of the Korean revolution which has forged ahead under the banner of independence held aloft by the DIU is run through with a resolute anti-imperialist struggle for retaking the sovereignty of the nation in the bloody struggle against the most truculent imperialists and defending the country's independence and dignity.

Early in the 1930's the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced a Juche-based revolutionary line evolved in the Korean revolution by further developing the programme of the DIU and, on this basis, organized and led the armed struggle against the Japanese imperialist aggressors to accomplish the historic cause of the liberation of the fatherland.

The great leader founded our Party on the basis of the organizational and ideological preparations for Party founding he had made in person during the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and thus brilliantly accomplished the cause of founding a revolutionary Party in our country, the reporter noted, and stressed:

The founding of our Party was a brilliant realization of the original conception of the great leader for the building of a revolutionary Party which he clarified when he formed the DIU after taking the road of revolution in his early years; it was a precious fruition of the great struggle the respected and beloved leader himself had energetically waged to lay the foundation for founding of a Party in the flames of the 20 year long anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

Thanks to the revolutionary traditions of Juche established by the respected and beloved leader as the eternal foundation stone, our Party came into being as the most revolutionary and militant Party on the most solid foundation.

The reporter said: The respected and beloved leader founded and led our Party and people's power, working people's organizations and revolutionary armed forces to convert the northern half of the Republic into a reliable fortress of national reunification and fountainhead of the Korean revolution in a brief period, smashing the manoeuvres of the imperialists and reactionaries of all shades.

He continued:

Today our Party is filled with the monolithic ideology of the Party, the revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the Party's unity and cohesion based on the ideological system of Juche has reached a new, higher level.

This is the most brilliant summing-up of the bloody struggle waged by the Korean Communists in half a century since the formation of the DIU and the greatest victory won in building our Party.

Our Party is accelerating the revolution and construction more energetically under the tested guidance of the Party Centre, he said.

Saying that all the victories and successes attained by our Party and our people in the revolution and construction are entirely attributable to the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the reporter pointed out:

Today the Juche idea is arousing ever greater sympathy from

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Platform of the central report meeting celebrating the 50th anniversary of the formation of the DIU organized and led by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung

TELEGRAMS

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Salem Rubaya Ali**, Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of the October 14 revolution in Yemen.

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the DPRK, received messages of greetings from **Kaysone Phomvihane**, General Secretary of the CC of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party and Prime Minister of the Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic, **Mohamed Siad Barre**, General Secretary of the CC of the Somali Socialist Revolutionary Party and President of the Somali Democratic Republic, **Moussa Traore**, Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation, Head of State and Prime Minister of the Government of Mali, **Kenneth David Kaunda**, President of the Republic of Zambia, and **Berge Furre**, Chairman of the CC of the Socialist-Left Party of Norway, on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea.

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message of condolence from **Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham**, Prime Minister of the Guyana Cooperative Republic, upon the death of the members of the delegation of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries in an aircraft accident on their way home after a visit to Guyana.

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, received a message from **Samora Moises Machel**, Chairman of the Liberation Front of Mozambique and President of the People's Republic of Mozambique, which denounced the provocative acts committed by the imperialists in Korea and expressed solidarity with the struggle of our people for the country's reunification.

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Chaudhri Fazal Elahi**, President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, in reply to the message of sympathy sent to the latter in connection with the big flood damages.

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Moamar al-Gaddafi**, Chairman of the Revolutionary Command Council of the Libya Arab Republic, in reply to the message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 7th anniversary of the September 1 revolution in Libya.

✦The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Marien Ngouabi**, President of the People's Republic of the Congo, in reply to the message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of the independence of the Congo.

✦**The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** received a message from **Penti Walzer**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Finnish Socialist Labour Party, greeting the 28th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

✦**The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** received a message from **E. Papaioannou**, General Secretary of the Working People's Progressive Party of Cyprus, in reply to the message of greetings sent to the CC of the WPPPC on the 50th anniversary of the founding of the WPPPC.

"The People Armed with the Juche Idea Will Surely Be Ever Victorious"

Excerpts from Speeches Made at the "International Scientific Seminar on the Juche Idea" Held in Madagascar (2)

"Miraculous Successes Scored by Korean People Testify to Justness of the Juche Idea"

"President Kim Il Sung, a man of great personality, reflecting the will of the Korean people, advanced a Juche-oriented line of universal significance on the basis of the experience accumulated in the course of the struggle for the freedom and independence of the country.

"The great successes made by the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the building of socialist society testify to the validity of this line." (Ina Sansone from Italy.)

"The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung fathered the Juche idea. This concept is a guideline that has made Korea a country of a truly economic self-sufficiency.

"By applying the principle of this concept the Democratic People's Republic of Korea could consolidate and safeguard its independence from the imperialists." (Carim Vazirna from Mozambique.)

"The Juche idea roused the Korean people to register signal successes and called them to action to display their creativity in socialist construction.

"Korea has been able to turn stone into beautiful fabrics, cultivate crops even in high mountainous areas with the help of the most modernized means of irrigation, start agricultural cooperation before founding a tractor industry and able to build a developed heavy industry.

"Thanks to the Juche idea the Korean people are applying modern technology in developing all the spheres of life and successfully carrying out the task of doing away with the toilsome work and eliminating the distinctions between the industrial and agricultural work and the differences between town and country.

"The great people of democratic Korea are working on the positive task of conquering nature and making it serve for the well-being of the people." (Aduli Barsoum from Egypt.)

"I would like to speak how the Juche idea has been applied to the reality of Korea, the 'land of morning calm'.

"Agriculture is one of the fields where the Juche idea has achieved signal victory.

"The third world countries should, in the solution of their rural question, be guided by the 'Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country', inspired with the Juche idea.

"It is because that clarified in the rural theses are universal principles of eliminating backwardness of agriculture and finally solving the rural question." (Qaobi Benni Johnson from Togo.)

"The Workers' Party of Korea armed with the Juche idea under the leadership of President Kim Il Sung has made its people a people with irresistibly great strength and a people conscious of the collective, active role in the efforts to carry out the general task of socialist construction and achieve the country's reunification and on all fronts of economic development and social progress in the country.

"The thorough establishment of Juche has enabled the Korean people to strengthen independence and display creativity and so, win brilliant victory.

"For this the experience of Korea is impressive and becomes an example to be followed by all the developing countries.

"The newly independent countries of Africa should fully apply the concept of independence to their countries and establish Juche.

"The only task confronting these countries is to introduce experience peculiar to Korea." (Mam Less Dia from Senegal.)

"The great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung, the great teacher of the world revolution and international working class, leads the activities of hundreds of millions of people.

"The Juche idea gives a most scientific and perfect answer to the theoretical and practical questions raised by our era.

"Therefore, the great Juche idea is an invincible revolutionary banner, a symbol of the revolutionary spirit of our era and a powerful revolutionary weapon in the hands of the people who are determined to finally defeat the imperialists and build a new world.

"The great Juche idea propounded by President Kim Il Sung is a theory whose correctness has been practically verified through the process of the Korean revolution and the world revolution.

"The Democratic People's Republic of Korea, once a backward colonial agrarian state, has been turned into a socialist country with a bright future and a country with a powerful independent national economy, a magnificent socialist culture and a strong defence capacity.

"All the victories and miraculous successes gained by the Korean people in the struggle for sovereignty, independence and socialist construction are a splendid fruit of the Juche idea and they vividly testify to the vitality and justness of the Juche idea and its historic truth.

"The progressive peoples of the world describe Korea led by President Kim Il Sung as the 'homeland of Juche'. If the 'homeland of Juche' gets into danger, we will stand on its side.

"It is the basic demand of the revolution and construction of our time to put into full operation the immortal Juche idea founded by President Kim Il Sung.

"Kimilsungism is ever victorious!" (Gilberto Sapata Isasa from Colombia.)

"Application of Principles of Juche Idea Is Prerequisite to Victory of All Revolutionary Forces in the Present Time"

"Though the Juche idea was founded in Korea, it is not the idea which is only confined to the Korean revolution and the Korean people but the great idea which guides all the progressive peoples throughout the world.

"The Juche idea fathered, developed and enriched by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is an idea of universal significance and a great idea of enormous importance for the whole mankind in our era, the era when the masses of the people are awakened to the revolution. The people armed with the Juche idea will surely be ever victorious." (Tauno Huotari from Finland.)

"The Juche philosophy propounded by President Kim Il Sung has made a great contribution to the basic philosophy of socialism. **Marshal Kim Il Sung is a revolutionary leader, a creative thinker and theoretician and one of the most prominent statesmen in the world.**

"The Juche idea guarantees the triumph of the world revolution. It is a victorious, invincible weapon.

"The Juche idea is a perfect idea, both in theory and practice. Without this great doctrine, no victory can be won in the revolutionary struggle and construction.

"Comrade Kim Il Sung's Juche idea is a powerful leverage with which to transform nature and society. It is not a theory for theory's sake but a great guiding principle aimed to apply it to reality.

"The peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America and all the people of the world need a practical, progressive, revolutionary doctrine of Juche which can be applied to the people's struggle for independence and freedom, progress and development.

"All the peoples of the world demand the Juche idea." (Abdul Malik from Pakistan.)

"The application of the principles of the Juche idea is the prerequisite to the victory of all the revolutionary forces in the present-day anti-imperialist struggle.

"It is the prerequisite to victory in the struggle of the people for the building of socialism and communism to place man in the centre of all the political activities and to recognize the historic role of the masses of the working people." (Eduard Hafner from Switzerland.)

"The Juche idea is a valuable leverage for the working masses of the whole world.

"What is most important for every nation and for every people is to establish Juche.

"The Juche idea which puts stress on independence is in no way contrary to the spirit of proletarian internationalism. Juche idea has nothing to do with narrow chauvinism and nationalism which reject the world-wide solidarity and cooperation between all progressive peoples." (Christen Amby from Denmark.)

"The revolutionary theory of Marshal Kim Il Sung assumes the universal validity.

"Although Comrade Kim Il Sung's great Juche idea was born of Korea, it is not confined to the Korean reality alone.

"We admit that Kimilsungism is an idea which can be universally applied to all the revolutionary leaders and fighters in our era. It is, we think, important to make all possible efforts to study Kimilsungism, perfectly acquire it and apply it in conformity with the subjective and objective conditions." (Paul Canimba from South West Africa People's Organization.)

"Let us study, propagate and embody the immortal universal Juche idea!

"When men become conscious that men are the masters of their own destinies and have the firm determination to become free and noble beings, they can surely build a more wonderful morrow." (Heeralall Bhagalloo from Mauritius.)

"The Juche idea fathered by great Comrade Kim Il Sung is a realistic and just and fair idea and an outstanding idea reflecting the desire of all the revolutionary peoples fighting for freedom." (Esono Abagaada from Equatorial Guinea.)

"The Juche idea founded by President Kim Il Sung, respected and beloved and outstanding leader, is a beacon of hope for all the people fighting to build a new society." (Nijeimana Joseph from Rwanda.)

"The immortal Juche idea created by President Kim Il Sung inspires all oppressed peoples to victory.

"Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!

"Long live the Juche idea!

"Long live Korean revolution!

"Long live world revolution!" (Manuel Madr Leos Teles Neto from Sao Tome and Principe.)

(The End)

WITH THE FORMATION OF THE DOWN-WITH-IMPERIALISM UNION

UNDIMINISHED TRADITIONS, GREAT CHANGES

October 17, 1926—the day when the Down-with-Imperialism Union (DIU) was formed under the revolutionary banner of the Juche idea!

This meant that our revolution attended with many twists and turns embarked upon new path; our revolution began to put down firm roots with inexhaustible vigor, from which it could advance along the road of independence; and a new day had dawned in the Korean revolution. It was the glorious day announcing that the maltreated masses of the people appeared as the master of their own destinies and the master of the world and that they began to guide history independently and creatively and shape their own destinies.

From these roots of revolutionary traditions our revolution and our Party came to have the unshakable and firm guiding idea of their own—the undying Juche idea. From these came fresh, Juche-type revolutionists of new generation who would breathe, think and act only in accordance with the great leader's revolutionary idea, the first generation of the pivots who formed our Party's pillars. Also these roots saw the creation of the solid mass foundation of their own.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"In the course of the long, arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle the Juche idea was founded, developed and enriched and the ideological system of Juche was established in the Korean communist movement. Through this struggle numerous communist hardcores grew up; the unity of ideology and purpose and cohesion of the revolutionary ranks were realized; immortal revolutionary achievements and rich and precious fighting experiences were gained; and revolutionary methods and popular style of work were created. As a result, the organizational and ideological basis was laid for establishing a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist party and our Party's glorious revolutionary traditions built up."

The heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle was a protracted and arduous anti-imperialist revolutionary war in which a life-and-death struggle was waged against powerful and ferocious Japanese imperialism.

Our Party's glorious revolutionary traditions built up in the crucible of the magnificent revolutionary struggle are Juche-oriented traditions because they were established with the Juche idea founded by the great leader as the guiding principle. Fully incorporated in these traditions are Juche-based revolutionary world outlook, revolutionary theory and method of leadership, which constitute the fundamental factors that will contribute to the complete realization of the revolutionary cause of Juche started by the great leader who first lit the path to revolution.

As our Party's revolutionary traditions are extremely rich, comprehensive and profound they contain all elements to bring successive victories in the revolution.

The great leader, while leading the heroic anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle to victory, accumulated precious experience of struggle, rich and versatile, and accomplished brilliant exploits.

Our Party's revolutionary traditions guided by the immortal Juche idea and established in the flames of the arduous and complicated struggle, are great in their revolutionary concept and this concept is extremely significant in their deep impact.

Indeed, our Party's glorious revolutionary traditions are a precious revolutionary heritage of our Party and people and a valuable boon to be inherited and developed in its entirety from generation to generation.

It is thanks to these undying revolutionary traditions established by the great leader that our Party and people could successfully carry out democratic construction after liberation and win victory in the fierce Fatherland Liberation War against the US imperialist aggressors who had boasted of their being strongest in the world.

And these are the factors in the struggle that enabled us to overcome the trials of postwar rehabilitation and construction and work a miraculous achievement of realizing the historical task of industrialization—which took the capitalist countries a few centuries—in only 14 years.

Today the most excellent and advanced socialist system has been firmly established in our country. This country has been converted into a powerful socialist state of independence, self-support and self-defence, the socialist power with a complete political sovereignty, solid independent economy, brilliant national culture and mighty defence capacity.

The entire people are united rock-firm around the great leader on the basis of the Juche idea.

Today our people review in retrospect the proud history of the past 50 years, the history of independence and the history replete with brilliant victory of the Juche idea made under the well-advised leadership of the great leader. And filled with high pride and self-confidence, they are vigorously advancing, holding aloft the red banner of the three revolutions.

Ever-victorious is the revolutionary cause of Juche that was started with the DIU's formation and victory and glory are in store for this cause.

Yun Jong Ok

Seen here are working people who are on a visit to the Museum of Korean Revolution on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the formation of the Down-with-Imperialism Union (DIU). They are eager to study the revolutionary idea, the Juche idea of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, looking back, with deep emotion upon the great leader's 50-year-long glorious revolutionary history and his revolutionary feats that will shine forever.

They feel it their great national pride and revolutionary self-confidence to engage in revolution under the leadership of the great leader who organized the DIU, the first genuinely communistic revolutionary organization in our country, initiated the revolutionary cause of Juche and has led our people along the road of victory and glory. They pledge themselves over and over again to remain boundlessly loyal to him and carry through the revolutionary cause of Juche.

"October 17 Is a Day of Great Significance for All Revolutionaries of the World"

The revolutionary peoples of the world highly eulogize the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who formed the Down-with-Imperialism Union and performed immortal revolutionary exploits, and express their boundless reverence and admiration for the respected and beloved leader.

In its letter to the great leader, the Popular Revolutionary Vanguard of Brazil said:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung formed the Down-with-Imperialism Union, an illegal Marxist-Leninist revolutionary organization, at the tender age of 14 with the lofty aim of overthrowing Japanese imperialism, achieving the country's liberation and independence and building socialism and communism in the homeland in the future. This marked the start of the glorious and brilliant revolutionary history of you, the great revolutionary leader, and the beginning of the history of scientific Korean revolution."

Didier Ratsiraka, President of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, remarked:

"In 1926, that is, half a century ago, you, Mr. President of the Republic and dear brother, founded the Down-with-Imperialism Union and has devoted your all in this half-century period to the freedom and happiness of the Korean people and the victory of the Korean revolution."

Gilberto Sapata Isasa, Member of the Colombian Parliament, had this to say:

"On October 17, 1926 the great Comrade Kim Il Sung formed the Down-with-Imperialism Union, the first genuine communist organization in Korea.

That day is a day of great significance not only for the Korean people but for all the revolutionaries of the world as well, which inspired the fighting spirit of the world's people against imperialism and colonialism."

Chrisansos Sabides, Executive Member of the Central Committee of the Socialist Party of Cyprus, observed:

"Fifty years have passed since he, born in a humble village of Mangyongdae, the cradle of the Korean revolution, organized the first revolutionary organization, known as the Down-with-Imperialism Union.

During this period the Juche idea has developed into a great scientific theory called the monolithic system of ideology, theory and methodology of Juche or Kimilsungism."

Mathieu Kerekou, President of the People's Republic of Benin, said:

"All these lofty military feats and great national victories of the Korean people were won under the direct command of the great patriot, the incomparable military genius and the invincible strategist and the respected and beloved leader esteemed His Excellency Mr. President Kim Il Sung who, already from the age of 13, manifested his high revolutionary fighting spirit and his ardent love for his fatherland.

The Benin people have immense considerations for the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people His Excellency Mr. President Kim Il Sung, our dearest friend and senior in struggle."

A well-known photographer of Singapore stated:

"President Kim Il Sung is the great sun who shines most brilliantly in world history. Never can we find in human history a leader who made such a great contribution as to compare with President Kim Il Sung. He founded the Juche idea, the most progressive idea of mankind, and leads a new world of independence."

Colourful Functions Held

A grand soiree attended by more than 15,000 working people was held at the Kim Il Sung Square on the evening of October 17 to celebrate the semicentennial of the formation of the Down-with-Imperialism Union.

Put up in place of honour on the rostrum of the square was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Floating in the sky above the square were big balloons bearing the slogans: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and carrying the messages: "Utmost glory to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "May the great leader enjoy a long life in good health!"

Hung on the walls of the buildings at the square were the slogans reading: "Long live the memorable 50th anniversary of the formation of the Down-with-Imperialism Union, the first communist revolutionary organization in our country!" and "Let us become the guard detachment and death-defying corps boundlessly loyal to the great leader and the glorious Party!"

At the soiree that began with the chorus of the immortal revolutionary paean "Song of General Kim Il Sung", a poem dedicated to the great leader was recited after the opening address was made. Then followed the performance of graceful mass dances.

Foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang and foreign guests staying in our country took part in the soiree, celebrating the holiday with us.

At the end of the soiree, the attendants, with the feelings of infinite respect and reverence for the great leader, sang in chorus the song "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader".

Festive soirees of working people took place also at the plazas in front of the Pyongyang Gymnasium and the February 8 House of Culture.

The working people of the capital present at the soirees firmly pledged themselves to fight undauntedly for the final victory of the cause of Juche following the guidance of the glorious Party, rallied close around the great leader.

After the evening parties art performances were given by the artistes of the city on the improvised stages at the square and plazas.

Meanwhile, there was a song-and-poem recital gathering of youth and students of Pyongyang at the open-air theatre of the Moranbong Youth Park—a token of their loyalty to the great leader and the glorious Party.

Earlier, a central symposium was held on the 14th at the People's Palace of Culture and a photo exhibition and film show were arranged on the 15th at the Chollima House of Culture.

Symposiums were held in the provincial capitals, cities (or districts) and county seats, in factories, enterprises and institutions and at units of the Korean People's Army and People's Security Forces.

(Continued from Page 2)

many countries and peoples of the world and inspiring them to struggle and victory.

The universal significance of the Juche idea founded by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was stressed in unison and the unanimous desire to call this great idea after the august name of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was expressed at the historic "International Scientific Seminar on the Juche Idea" held some time ago in Antananarivo, the capital of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar.

Indeed, we owe to the wise leadership of the great leader the all-conquering Workers' Party of Korea, the ever-victorious Korean revolution and the firm guarantee for the triumph of the cause of socialism and communism in our country.

He stressed:

We should continue to fight staunchly to carry to final accomplishment the fighting programme put forward by the great leader when he formed the DIU 50 years ago.

With his deep penetration into the new demand of the development of our revolution and the world revolution, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great thinker and theoretician and genius of revolution, set forth an outstanding strategy of the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle to drive world imperialism headed by US imperialism to final defeat by putting the fighting programme of the DIU in a more concrete form and developing it.

To drive out the US imperialists and reunify the divided fatherland is the supreme revolutionary task facing our people and nation today for accomplishing the cause of struggle of the DIU, the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause.

Noting that the cause of accomplishing the fighting programme of the DIU is a world-historic cause of wiping out imperialism once and for all and building communism on the globe, the reporter stressed:

So long as there remains imperialism in the world, we will not lay down the weapon of class, the weapon of revolution, but will in the future, too, fight resolutely against imperialism and make every effort for the victory of the world revolution under the uplifted revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

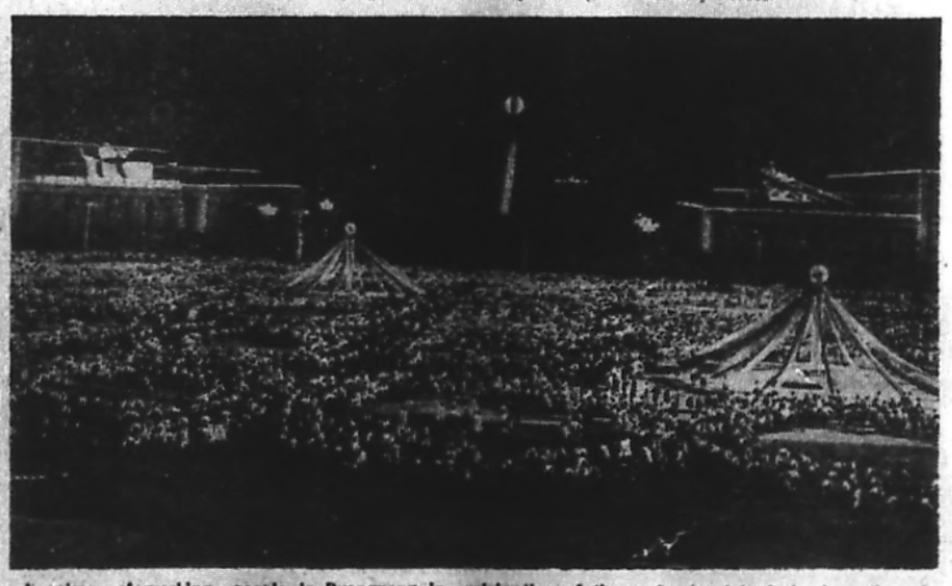
Down with imperialism! Always bearing deep in mind the programme of the DIU which was formed in this spirit and under this name, we will resolutely fight to the end to bury imperialism and colonialism for good and achieve the world-historic victory in the cause of socialism and communism.

Our people who are advancing following the glorious Party of Juche type under the leadership of the great leader will certainly win final victory in the sacred struggle for overthrowing all imperialisms and realizing communism on the globe and brilliantly fulfil without fail the mission assigned to the Korean communists by the times and mankind.

When he concluded his report by shouting "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people!" the entire attendants rose to their feet and burst into loud shout of "manse!" (hurrah) which shook the meeting hall, expressing their infinite reverence for and ardent loyalty to the respected and beloved leader.

The attendants hardened their determination to carry the revolutionary cause of Juche started by the great leader to completion from generation to generation by holding the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great thinker and theoretician and genius of revolution, in high esteem and attending him with loyalty and vigorously pushing ahead with the imbuing of the whole society with the Juche idea under the rays of the guidance of the glorious Party Centre.

Meanwhile, report meetings marking the semicentennial of the formation of the Down-with-Imperialism Union were held in all provincial capitals, cities (or districts) and county seats, factories, enterprises, institutions and units of the Korean People's Army and People's Security Forces.



A soiree of working people in Pyongyang in celebration of the semicentennial of the formation of the DIU organized and guided by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung

"International Committee of Jurists to Restore Democracy and Human Rights in South Korea" Inaugurated in Paris

First Session of the Committee Adopts Investigation Report, Indictment and Declaration as Documents of the Meeting

The "International Committee of Jurists to Restore Democracy and Human Rights in South Korea" was inaugurated in Paris on October 8, which was followed by its first session, according to a report.

The meeting was attended by the President and leading members of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers, doctors of laws, professors, lawyers and judges of France, the United States, West Germany, Italy, Luxemburg, Austria, Belgium, Sweden, Australia, Algeria, Syria, Benin and other countries and representatives of the Arab Bar Association, the French Branch of the Amnesty International and the Russell Tribunal.

After the opening address of Joe Nordmann, President of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers, Paulette Pierson Mathy, senior research worker at the Brussels University, Belgium, and lawyer, made a report on the investigation conducted by the IADL under the title "Repression of the south Korean people by the Pak Jung Hi 'regime'".

After the report, Charvin, Professor of Law at the Nice University, France, read an indictment of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's violation of human rights in the name of the IADL.

Then many personages took the floor.

Saying that now the suppression of the human rights has gone to the worst extent in south Korea, the speakers noted: The basic factor of this suppression lies in the division of Korea and this division threatens even peace and security in Asia and the world.

Therefore, they unanimously stressed, it is natural that those responsible for the division of Korea must be brought to task by law and that the United States and the Pak Jung Hi clique are entirely to blame for it.

They stressed that it is the main task of the "International Committee of Jurists to Restore Democracy and Human Rights in South Korea" to prove in the light of law the correctness of the policy of national reunification put forward by the great leader President Kim Il Sung and expose and denounce the criminal acts of those opposed to the Korean people's efforts for its realization.

They exposed and condemned the brutal suppression of the people by the south Korean puppet clique, citing concrete instances.

Facts prove, they noted, that Pak Jung Hi is the most truculent dictator ignorant of law and such dictator as Pak Jung Hi the rascal should be branded as the criminal against humanity and brought to an international people's tribunal.

Saying that the barbaric tortures openly committed in broad daylight in south Korea are beyond human imagination, they emphasized:

This entirely runs counter to the "International Law on Tortures" and the "Universal Declaration of Human Rights" and those who committed them must be put in the dock of an international tribunal and all the international organizations, particularly the United Nations Commission of Human Rights, must denounce the Pak Jung Hi "regime" of south Korea for its criminal acts.

They said that the "International Committee of Jurists to Restore Democracy and Human Rights in South Korea" should send an investigation group to south Korea or directly meet the victims of the south Korean fascist system to collect materials and study them and pass a most decisive and stern judgement upon the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The speakers unanimously held that the reunification of Korea must be achieved in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification advanced by the great leader President Kim Il Sung.

After the speeches, the leading body of the "International Committee of Jurists to Restore Democracy and Human Rights in South Korea" was elected.

It elected Professor of Law at the Brussels University, Belgium, Jean Salmon as its Chairman; US lawyer Doris Brin Walker, Dean of the Law Faculty of the Tasmania University, Australia, Derek Roebuck, and Algerian lawyer Amar Bentoumi as its Vice-Chairmen; and Professor of Law at the Nice University, France, Robert Charvin as its General Secretary.

The investigation report and indictment submitted to the meeting and the declaration of the first session were adopted as documents of the meeting.

After the meeting, the President of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers held a news conference in connection with it.

(KCNA)

Lao Committee Formed to Support Korea's Reunification

The Lao Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification was inaugurated to actively support the struggle of the Korean people for the country's reunification, according to a report from Vientiane.

A grand mass meeting was held on October 13 in Vientiane to inaugurate the Committee.

The mass meeting unanimously adopted amid a stormy applause of the attendants a letter to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the revolution.

Hung side by side in the meeting place were the national flags of the DPRK and Laos.

Also seen were the slogans bearing the words: "We extend active support to the Korean people's struggle to implement the national reunification policy advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "US imperialists, quit south Korea!" "We sternly denounce the new war provocation manoeuvres of the US imperialists!"

The rally was attended by Phoumi Vongvichit, Member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party, Vice-Premier and Minister of Education, Sports and Religious Affairs of the Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic; Khamsouk Keola, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Lao People's Supreme Council; and other leading officials of the Party and government; representatives of public organizations and people of various strata, more than 1,500 in all.

Invited there was Ryom Tae Jun, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the DPRK to Laos.

The inauguration of the Lao Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification was announced at the mass meeting.

Maysouk Saysompheng, Member of the CC of the LPRP and Minister of the Government, was elected President of the Committee.

The inaugurated Committee has set it as its task to actively support the struggle of the Korean people for the country's reunification.

The mass meeting was addressed by the President of the Lao Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification and Ryom Tae Jun, DPRK Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Laos.

It adopted a resolution expressing the firm support of the Lao people to the struggle of the Korean people for achieving national reunification in accordance with the policy advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The resolution vehemently denounced the US imperialists for shipping into south Korea greater quantities of weapons to unleash a new war in Korea and perpetuate her division.

The resolution also demanded that the US imperialists withdraw their aggression troops from south Korea, unconditionally and immediately accept the proposal of the DPRK Government on replacing the Armistice Agreement by a peace agreement and strictly implement the resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly and the Fifth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned Countries.

That day the attendants of the rally shouted aloud the slogans: "US imperialists, get out of south Korea at once!" "We actively support the just struggle of the fraternal Korean people!"

(KCNA)

US Imperialist Aggressor Troops Should Withdraw from S. Korea Immediately and Unconditionally

Delegates of Many Countries Strongly Demand at Plenary Meeting of 31st UNGA Session

Delegates of many countries made speeches at the plenary meeting of the 31st session of the UN General Assembly now in progress in New York denouncing the US imperialist occupation of south Korea and supporting the struggle of the Korean people for the country's independent and peaceful reunification. Among them were Prime Minister Bandaranaike of Sri-Lanka, the Polish and Soviet Foreign Ministers, the Minister of External Affairs and Cooperation of Benin, the Foreign Ministers of Cameroon, Kuwait, Togo, the Congo, Tanzania, Romania and Bulgaria, the Minister of External Affairs and Cooperation of Burundi, the Foreign Ministers of Ukraine, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Mongolia, Guinea, China, the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen and the Lao People's Democratic Republic, the Vice-Premier in Charge of External Affairs of Democratic Cambodia, the Foreign Ministers of Iraq, Mozambique and Czechoslovakia, the Syrian delegate, the Foreign Minister of Zambia, the Minister of Mineral and Hydraulic Resources of Somalia and the Foreign Minister of Upper Volta.

In her speech Prime Minister Bandaranaike of Sri-Lanka pointed out:

The object of the Non-Alignment concerning the Korean question is to create necessary conditions for replacing the present Armistice Agreement by a peace agreement to accelerate the country's independent and peaceful reunification and the pullout of foreign troops.

The Vice-Premier in Charge of External Affairs of Democratic Cambodia noted that the US imperialists reinforced their aggressor troops in south Korea, shipped into south Korea nuclear weapons and other mass destruction weapons on a large scale and even mapped out war plans in disregard of the North-South Joint Statement made public on July 4, 1972 and the resolution adopted at the 30th session of the UN General Assembly.

Saying that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are randomly arresting, imprisoning and killing patriots who call for the country's independent and peaceful reunification he stressed:

Democratic Cambodia fully supports the three principles and five-point programme advanced by President Kim Il Sung for the solution of the Korean question.

Addressing the meeting the Chinese Foreign Minister emphasized:

We resolutely support the righteous struggle of the Korean people for the country's independent and peaceful reunification. US aggression on and intervention in Korea are the main cause of the incessant creation of tension in Korea and the failure in the realization of her independent and peaceful reunification. The "UN Command" must be dissolved and US troops be withdrawn from south Korea. An end must be put to the split of Korea and her independent and peaceful reunification be achieved. No force can prevent this.

The Soviet Foreign Minister had this to say:

Foreign troop pullout from south Korea must be effected. We support the endeavours of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to reunify Korea peacefully without outside interference.

As is generally known, last year the UN General Assembly adopted a resolution on creating favourable conditions for converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea. This resolution should be put into practice without fail.

Saying that the Korean people could not achieve national reunification, their sacred aspiration, for over 30 years up to the present, the Bulgarian Foreign Minister emphasized:

Bulgaria fully supports the DPRK's endeavours to reunify the country peacefully without any outside interference.

The Mongolian Foreign Minister remarked that the stationing of US troops in south Korea under the UN flag is the main obstacle to the realization of the desire of the Korean people for the country's reunification.

The Foreign Minister of the Congo said all possible pretexts of the imperialists for justifying their military interference in Korea should be rejected, and pointed out:

The only duty to be discharged by the UN is to immediately create the conditions for peace in Korea and demand the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea.

The Foreign Minister of Togo stressed:

All the foreign troops under the "UN Command" in south Korea should be withdrawn and the Armistice Agreement between the parties concerned be replaced by a peace agreement. Only then can the Korean people reunify their country peacefully.

The Tanzanian Foreign Minister emphasized:

The Korean situation is on the point of explosion.

The United Nations has the right and duty to exert every effort for justice and for the promotion of a lasting peace in this area.

All the foreign troops must be withdrawn from south Korea, the "UN Command" be dissolved and the Korean people be allowed to shape their destiny by themselves.

The Zambian Foreign Minister said:

We strongly demand the immediate pullout of all foreign troops from south Korea.

Zambia strongly supports the stand of the DPRK that Korea should enter the UN as a single, unified state.

The Minister of Mineral and Hydraulic Resources of Somalia had this to say:

At the UN the Somali Government will continue to strongly support all efforts for the creation of conditions necessary for peace and security in Korea.

Speakers were unanimous in saying that the resolution of the 30th session of the UN General Assembly should be put into effect without fail, US imperialist aggressor troops be withdrawn from south Korea and Korea be reunified independently and peacefully.

US IMPERIALISM: PRIME MOVER IN COILING UP TENSION IN KOREA

Reportedly, the US imperialists are planning to introduce up-to-date "F-15" fighter planes equipped with air-to-air missiles and large-calibre guns into south Korea in a few days under the name of "demonstration flight."

The US imperialists did not bother to conceal that the flight of "F-15s" to south Korea was designed to deploy war means for destruction in south Korea and in the Far Eastern and Pacific regions.

This ill-boding move of the US imperialists for armament reinforcement is part of the systematic war machinations they have carried on with increasing intensity in Korea these days.

In the period following the Panmunjom incident they provoked deliberately, the US imperialists shipped modern military equipment and armed forces into south Korea and on October 9 the missile cruiser "Oklahoma City" belonging to the US Seventh Fleet called at the Pusan port of south Korea.

Earlier it was reported that they would bring some 600 members of their aggressive marine corps into south Korea from Okinawa and conduct provocative gun-firing exercises from September 25 to October 23 with such artillery pieces as 155 mm. guns capable of launching shells with nuclear warheads.

In addition, of late the Commander-in-Chief of the US Forces in the Pacific and the Commander of the US Seventh Fleet were dispatched to south Korea to sit in war confabs with brasshats of the US imperialist aggression forces and the south Korean puppet army. On October 19 Reed, US Secretary of the Air Force crept into south Korea bringing with him a tinderbox of war and met the puppet minister of national defence to weave a series of plots for war provocation.

Timed to coincide with their war clamour, the US imperialists are delivering modern military equipment to the south Korean puppet army and continuously egging their lackeys on to provocations against us.

At the beck and call of the US imperialists, in the period between mid-August and early October the south Korean puppet army introduced 57 mm. recoilless guns and various other types of heavy weapons into the Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) on more than 140 occasions, opened fire with rifles and guns against our side in the DMZ on 50 occasions and sent military aircraft into the sky above the DMZ on 8 occasions. Inspired by their US masters' war rackets, the bellicose south Korean puppets started staging shooting exercise in the sea southeast of Koje-do Island with the mobilization of their troops on October 1. This war gamble is said to last for a month.

The aggressive manoeuvres carried on by the US imperialists in Korea in a planned way are a new unpardonable provocation against our people and other Asian peoples and an intolerable challenge to peace in Korea and the rest of Asia.

All facts once again graphically show that the US imperialists are the very culprit who harasses peace and keeps screwing up tension in our country at present and irrefutably prove that the constant danger of war in Korea is coming from the south.

This notwithstanding, the US imperialists are trying to cover up their aggressive nature with their outcries over the "threat of aggression from the north".

Some time ago war boss Ford and other war fanatics of US imperialism raved that their occupation of south Korea and their beefing up of military force is for "prevention of the threat of aggression from the north". This is preposterous, indeed.

As is known to all, in Korea the US imperialists have worked out war plans against our people under the name of "forward defence program", raising a hue and cry over the "threat of aggression from the north", and it is also the US imperialists who brought nuclear weapons and other mass destruction weapons and placed them in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line.

It is wholly thanks to our patient efforts that peace is maintained in Korea today even though the US imperialists and their hangers-on are keying up the tension.

The US imperialists must know clearly that if they continue to augment mass destruction weapons and armed forces in south Korea, it will only result in precipitating their own ruin.

Choe Si Hwan

"Revitalized System" Aimed for Fascism and Perpetual Division

These days the Pak Jung Hi clique are trying hard to beautify their fascist "revitalized system".

They talk absurd nonsense: "The safeguarding and strengthening of the revitalized system mean preparing the soil for peace and peaceful reunification" and "the revitalized system has brought democracy to south Korea."

Obviously the aim is to stamp out the daily-growing struggle of the south Korean people to oppose and reject the arrant "revitalized system" and mislead world public opinion.

The background of the fabrication of the "October Revitalization" and the events which took place in the past four years glaringly show that this system is a most nefarious fascist system for one-man military dictatorship of traitor Pak Jung Hi and for his long-term office and a system for perpetual division—aimed to oppose national reunification and create "two Koreas".

It is a well-known fact that traitor Pak Jung Hi has marshalled all possible wisdom for a longer stay in power after having usurped the puppet regime by brandishing US-made weapons.

He effected constitutional revisions twice and succeeded in holding three-successive "presidential post" by using his fraudulent electioneering tactics.

However, the 1971 "presidential election" campaign against, Kim Dae Jung, an opposition party candidate, where traitor Pak Jung Hi got a slightly larger percentage of affirmative votes than the opponent, made him realize that his former tactics would no longer work.

Particularly, the publication of the July 4 North-South Joint Statement in 1972 by the positive efforts of the Government of our Republic and the south Korean people's steadily growing cravings for democracy and independent reunification following the start of north-south dialogue—these proved to be a great menace to the stubborn "anti-communist" system and fascist rule of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

These clique who got so flustered over this, decided to take counter-measure in a desperate attempt to fix the country's split and escalate his regime. This took the form of the "October Revitalization", another coup d'etat.

The whole territory of south Korea was placed under "emergency martial law", with "state of emergency" still in force; the "national assembly" was dissolved and activities of all the political parties and social organizations were prohibited. Then came the "Revitalized Constitution" adopted at the so-called "national referendum" which was enforced with the help of horrible repressive measures.

It is stipulated in the "Constitution"—that the "president", instead of acting as "head of administration" under the division of powers, shall become the "highest representative" with the exclusive right to control administration, legislation, and judicature; his duration of remaining in power shall be limitless; and a "direct election system" be replaced by an "indirect election system" under which he shall be elected without any opposing opinions at the "national conference for reunification" with him as its chairman. This means that traitor Pak Jung Hi is allowed to remain in power in an indefinite period.

It is also stipulated that the "president" shall be vested with the rights to appoint one-third of the "national assemblymen" and judicial officers including the "chief justice", shall have the rights to take "emergency steps in all state affairs" at any moment even in peace time, suspend the people's liberty and right, dissolve the "national assembly" or political parties and that the "president" shall have the exclusive right to advance the proposals for the country's reunification and these proposals shall be discussed only at the "national conference for reunification" and so forth.

Thus, now even a faint semblance of the "parliamentarian form of democracy" which had been formally existed under the division of powers has been removed and people are not allowed to participate in the reunification movement.

The above-mentioned facts serve to open to the view of all the nature of the structure of the "revitalized system".

The true colour of this system is also evidenced by the crimes committed by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the last four years.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"After taking up the so-called 'October revitalization', the south Korean authorities have further intensified their suppression of the south Korean people. They have randomly repressed people, continually taking countless suppressive measures under the name of 'emergency martial law', 'emergency measures', 'alert order A' and so forth." ("On the Situation of Our Country and Tasks of the League of Korean Youth in Japan", Eng. ed., p. 20.)

Now monopolizing all power on the strength of the "October Revitalization" traitor Pak Jung Hi has let loose a flood of fascist laws including "emergency decrees" to randomly arrest, imprison and murder the people of all walks of life calling for democratization of south Korean society and national reunification and turned the whole area of south Korea into a living hell where terrorism, suppression and man-killing acts prevail.

No wonder then that a West German journalist described Pak Jung Hi as the "chief guard", calling south Korea a big prison without bars.

Wielding an "anti-communist law" the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique arrested and jailed over 600 guiltless people in a little more than two months after the establishment of "October Revitalization" on the ground that they advocated reunification and democracy. Some 320 of them were given severe punishment. In April 1974 they invented the case of the "National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy". In a few days 4,000 arrests were made and this included youth and students and people of all strata including religious men. More than 250 of them were committed for military trial and they were given heavy penalties including death rap and life term.

At this moment, tens of thousands of patriotic-minded people and democrats who fought for democracy and peaceful reunification are being victimized by savage tortures in the underground rooms of south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency" (KCIA) and in prisons and police cells.

Most recently, these guys handed down heavy penalties on former "president" Yun Bo Son; former "presidential" candidate of the New Democratic Party Kim Dae Jung; "national assemblyman" and former "foreign minister" Chong Il Hyong; Quaker leader Ham Sok Hon, and many others who were allegedly involved in the case of the "declaration for democracy and national salvation", who opposed the "revitalized system" and called for the release of the arrested. The nefarious scheme to kill poet Kim Ji Ha in jail, is now well advanced.

While employing unprecedentedly rigid suppressive measures to completely stamp out the reunification movement of the patriotic-minded people and personages of all sections the Pak Jung Hi clique rejected point-blank all our rational proposals for reunification and finally published what was called "special statement" with a "two-Korea's simultaneous entry into the UN" plan. In its wake there followed a "south Korea's separate entry into the UN" plan last year. They did this to freeze the country's division.

All these facts clearly show how desperately the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are trying to fix the country's division and realize his lust for a long-term office in real earnest in accordance with a "two Koreas" policy of the US imperialists, though they are giving lip-service to "peaceful reunification".

These also reveal the reactionary and treacherous nature of the "revitalized system" the south Korean puppets are noisily talking about. At the same time, these show that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are the most heinous fascist hangmen, the unequalled traitors to the nation, the national splittists and military gangsters.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are frantically engaging in last-minute manoeuvres to maintain the fascist dictatorship and seek the way out under the signboard of "revitalization". But they can never save their destinies from the impending doom and escape from the stern judgement of the people.

Li Jip

Cartoon by Son Chang Hak

Developing National Education

In Countries of New-Emerging Forces

National education is progressing apace in newly independent countries, the countries of new-emerging forces.

Education was in a very backward state in Asian, African and Latin American countries which had been under the rule of imperialists and colonialists in the former days. This meant that there were few colleges in these countries and even primary schools could be counted on the fingers of hands. The population was predominantly illiterate. There were very few native cadres.

To take Guinea as an example, in 1958 when the country won independence, only 5 per cent of all school-age children managed to get common school education and 95 per cent of the population were illiterate. There were only six specialists with a higher education.

This backward state of education was a big headache for the countries of new-emerging forces which embarked on building a new society after independence.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"...in the countries which were imperialist colonies before it is the most important task to solve the problem of native cadres, and success in the revolution and construction depends on how to solve this problem."

Now great efforts are devoted to national education in these countries to solve the problem of native cadres who will run their country and bring up the rising generation to be dependable pillars of the country.

State expenditures for national education increase every year and the programme and system of education are reorganized in conformity with their actual conditions.

In a number of countries compulsory primary education is in force and other progressive educational policies have been adopted.

Thus, educational work is progressing with every passing day.

This can be first seen in an increase in the student body.

In Algeria the number of primary and secondary school children increased nearly four times in the 1974-75 academic year as against the 1964-65 school year. This year the figure jumped up: these schools had an enrolment of over 532,000 or 112,000 more than last year.

In Iraq the number of children attending primary and secondary schools will show an annual average increase of 5 per cent in the coming five years.

Success has also been made in the work of laying material and technical foundations for education.

In Somalia school construction has dynamically been pushed forward all over the country. The past year witnessed the construction of over 1,200 classrooms. By the end of October this year more than 700 classrooms will be added.

In Trinidad and Tobago the government has decided to spend 100 million TT dollars on the building of technical schools. The projects are now well under way.

The increased pupils, schools and classrooms in the countries of new-emerging forces are followed up with a vigorous campaign to train teachers.

In Guinea the number of teachers stood at some 900 in 1958, but the figure jumped to more than 7,550 by 1971.

Adult education likewise has developed apace in these countries.

In Tanzania the year of 1970 was proclaimed as the "year of adult education" and a "down-with-illiteracy" campaign was launched on a mass scale. This campaign did not go unrewarded. At the end of December of last year 66 per cent of illiterates out of 5.5 million officially registered in 1969 learned to read and write. The government is now planning to make all the illiterates read and write by the end of 1976. This ambitious programme is being carried out successfully.

In Burma national and local-level bodies have been set up to eliminate illiteracy and a central committee has been organized to propagate science and knowledge, with the help of officials of the Socialist Programme Party of the Union of Burma and youth organizations and intellectuals active in state and public affairs.

In the countries of new-emerging forces a great deal of attention is directed to conducting education with their own written language and textbooks and other books are published in their native language.

Thanks to the rapid development in national education in these countries, many children have been given a real chance to receive school education, the general cultural and technical level of people has been enhanced swiftly. Many technicians and specialists have been produced and they are making a contribution to the building of a new society.

Yun Hae Ik

Future pillars of the country are in the making in Guinea-Bissau

12 Years of Independent Zambia

The Zambian people greet the 12th anniversary of independence, their jubilant national holiday, at a time when they are attaining proud successes in the building of a new society and a new life.

On this occasion the Korean people extend warm felicitations and greetings to the friendly Zambian people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Since independence the Zambian people under the correct leadership of Your Excellency have achieved great successes in the struggle to consolidate national independence and build a new life, bravely smashing the aggression and subversive activities of the imperialists, colonialists and racists and relying on their own efforts."

After their independence the Zambian people nationalized the land belonging to a number of foreign monopolies and their major factories, enterprises and banks in accordance with the government's policy of building a national economy and, especially, held the rights to produce and sell copper, thus giving a telling blow to the imperialists. Now, the government is taking one progressive measure after another for "Zambianization" of the copper production.

Meanwhile, many factories such as copper refinery, hydroelectric power station, cement factory, textile mill and fertilizer factory which sprang up in different places are turning out manufactured goods with raw materials available at home.

The government has taken positive steps to organize a large number of crop- and stock-raising cooperatives in keeping with the natural and economic conditions of the country and consolidate their material and technical foundations and to develop the rural economy in a many-sided way, and the agricultural production is being rapidly boosted up.

Exceptional successes have been gained in the fields of education, culture and public health. So the Zambian people who had to grope about in ignorance and benightedness and suffer from various diseases under the yoke of the imperialist colonial rule in the past, are now enjoying to the full a new civilized and happy life.

Recently, Zambia has established an undivided system of armed forces and organized the Zambian national defence army and thereby brought about radical progress in the work of strengthening the defence capabilities.

All the achievements made in Zambia are a brilliant fruition of the persevering efforts exerted by the people under the correct leadership of the Zambian President.

Today the Zambian government and people are supporting the South African people's struggle against the racists and for the country's liberation and actively endeavouring for fair solution of the question of this area.

In particular, they are rendering full support to the Korean people's struggle to reject the outside forces and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. This greatly encourages us.

The Korean people who value the friendship with the Zambian people back their just struggle and rejoice over their successes and heartily wish them still fresher successes in their future struggle.

Kim Su Yon

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